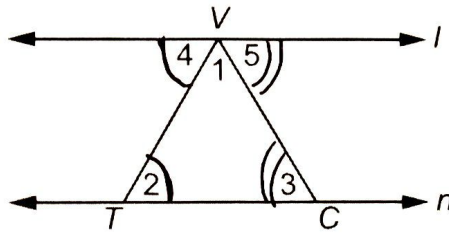


Item 1

Selected-Response: 1 point

In this figure, $l \parallel n$. Jessie listed the first two steps in a proof that shows $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 180^\circ$.



	Step	Justification
1	$\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$?
2	$\angle 3 \cong \angle 5$?

Which justification can Jessie give for Steps 1 and 2?

- A. Alternate interior angles are congruent.
- B. Corresponding angles are congruent.
- C. Vertical angles are congruent.
- D. Alternate exterior angles are congruent.

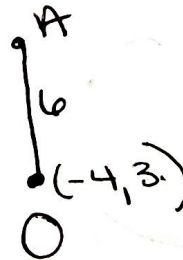
Item 2

Selected-Response: 1 point

The points $O(-4, 3)$, $A(x, y)$, and $B(x, 3)$ create a right triangle inside Circle O . Point A lies on the circle. OA is 6 centimeters.

What is the equation of Circle O ?

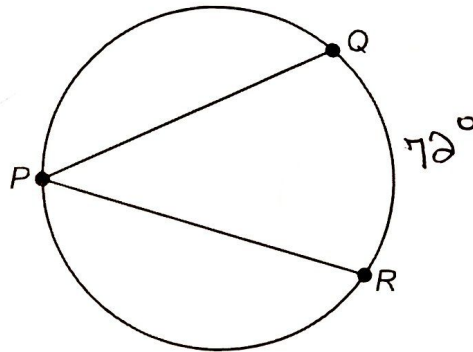
- A. $(x + 4)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 6$
- B. $(x - 3)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 6$
- C. $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 36$
- D. $(x + 4)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 36$



Item 3

Selected-Response: 1 point

In this circle, $m\widehat{QR} = 72^\circ$.



$\frac{72}{2}$

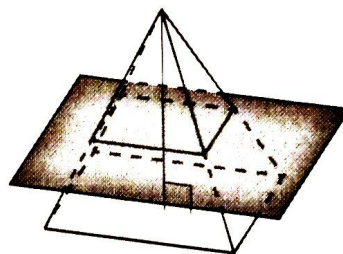
What is $m\angle QPR$?

- A. 18°
- B. 24°
- C. 36°
- D. 72°

Item 4

Selected-Response: 1 point

Look at the square pyramid.



If the plane in the figure is parallel to the base of the pyramid, which BEST describes the shape of the cross-section?

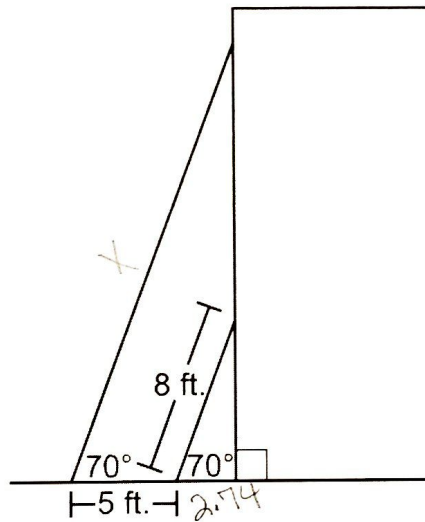
- A. a rectangle
- B. a pentagon
- C. a triangle
- D. a circle

Item 5

Selected-Response: 1 point

This diagram shows two ladders leaning against a building. Each ladder is leaning at an angle of 70 degrees.

- The length of the short ladder is 8 feet.
- The base of the long ladder is 5 feet farther from the base of the building than the base of the short ladder is.



What is the length, to the nearest foot, of the long ladder?

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sin 70^\circ = 0.9397 \\ \cos 70^\circ = 0.3420 \\ \tan 70^\circ = 2.7475 \end{bmatrix}$$

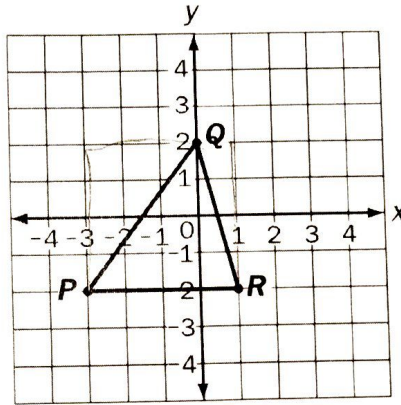
- A. 10
 B. 13
 C. 23
 D. 26

$$\begin{aligned} \cos 70^\circ &= \frac{x}{8} \\ 8(.3420) &= 2.74 \\ \cos 70^\circ &= \frac{2.74}{x} \end{aligned}$$

Item 6

Selected-Response: 1 point

Look at the coordinate grid below.



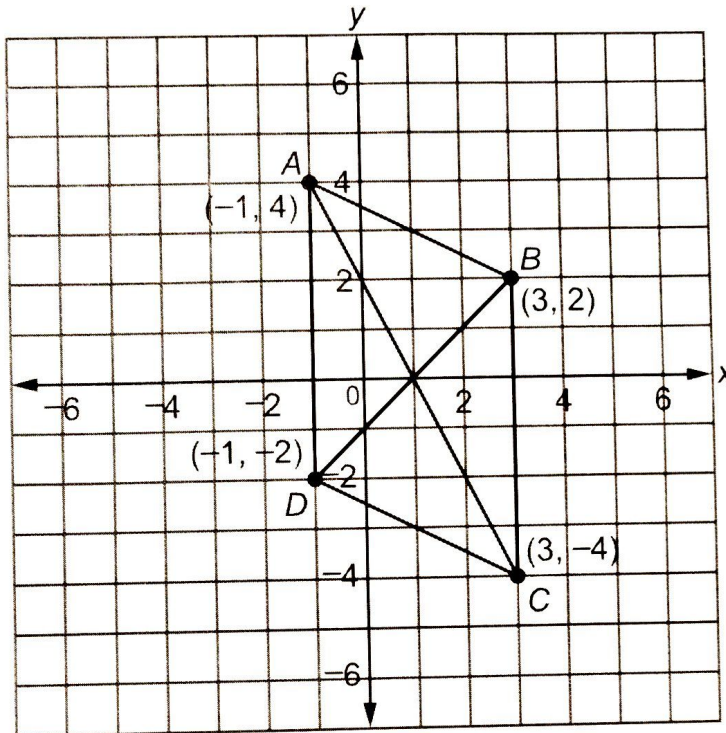
$QR = \sqrt{4^2 + 2^2}$
 $QR = \sqrt{20}$
 $PB = 4$
 $QR = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{25}$
 $QR = 5$

What is the perimeter, in units, of $\triangle PQR$?

- A. $4 + \sqrt{42}$
- B. 14
- C. $9 + \sqrt{17}$
- D. 17

Item 7

Selected-Response: 1 point

Parallelogram $ABCD$ has vertices as shown.

(1, 0)

Which equation would be used in proving that the diagonals of parallelogram $ABCD$ bisect each other?

- A. $\sqrt{(3-1)^2 + (2-0)^2} = \sqrt{(1-3)^2 + (0+4)^2}$
- B. $\sqrt{(3+1)^2 + (2+0)^2} = \sqrt{(1+3)^2 + (0-4)^2}$
- C. $\sqrt{(-1-1)^2 + (4-0)^2} = \sqrt{(1-3)^2 + (0+4)^2}$
- D. $\sqrt{(-1+1)^2 + (4+0)^2} = \sqrt{(1+3)^2 + (0-4)^2}$

Same
question as
39 of our
EOC Packet

Item 8

Selected-Response: 1 point

Paul has a spinner with the colors red, green, blue, orange, and purple on it. He also has a number cube with sides labeled 1 through 6.

The probability of the arrow of the spinner stopping on green is $\frac{1}{5}$, and the probability of getting a number greater than 2 when tossing the number cube is $\frac{4}{6}$.

What is the probability of the arrow of the spinner stopping on green and getting a number greater than 2 when tossing the number cube?

- A. $\frac{2}{15}$
 B. $\frac{3}{10}$
 C. $\frac{7}{10}$
 D. $\frac{13}{15}$

$$P(\text{Green and } > 2)$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{6} = \frac{4}{30} = \frac{2}{15}$$

Item 9

Multi-Part Technology-Enhanced: 2 points

Triangle ABC is similar but not congruent to triangle DEF .

Part A

Which series of transformations could map triangle ABC onto triangle DEF ?

- A. translation 4 units up, rotation 75° clockwise about the origin
 B. reflection across the line $y = 2$, rotation 90° clockwise about the origin
 C. translation 3 units left, dilation of scale factor 2 centered at the origin
 D. reflection across the line $x = 1$, reflection across the line $y = 5$

Part B

Which equation must be true about triangle ABC and triangle DEF ?

- A. $AB = DE$
 B. $AC = EF$
 C. $m\angle A + m\angle B = m\angle D + m\angle F$
 D. $m\angle A + m\angle C = m\angle D + m\angle F$

Testing your
knowledge of
similar triangles

Item 10

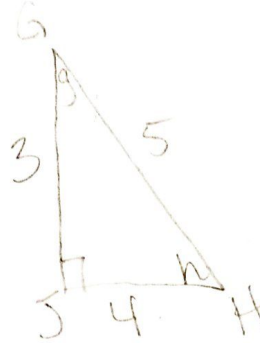
Multi-Part Technology-Enhanced: 2 points

Triangle GHI is a right triangle. Angle G has a measure of g° , angle H has a measure of h° , and angle I is a right angle.

Part A

Which equation must be true?

- A. $\sin(h^\circ) = \sin(g^\circ)$
- B. $\cos(g^\circ) = \sin(h^\circ) \quad \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$
- C. $\cos(h^\circ) = \cos(g^\circ)$
- D. $\sin(h^\circ) + \cos(h^\circ) = \tan(h^\circ)$



Create a problem and test it out

Part B

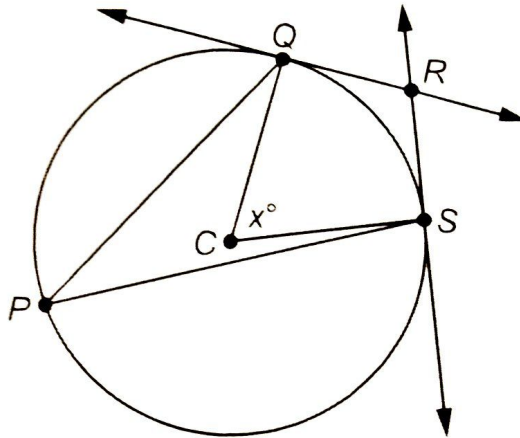
Given that $\tan(g^\circ) = \frac{\sin(g^\circ)}{\cos(g^\circ)}$, which ratio must have a value equivalent to the tangent of g° ?

- A. $\frac{\cos(h^\circ)}{\sin(g^\circ)}$
- B. $\frac{\cos(h^\circ)}{\sin(h^\circ)}$
- C. $\frac{\sin(h^\circ)}{\cos(h^\circ)}$
- D. $\frac{\sin(h^\circ)}{\cos(g^\circ)}$

Item 11

Multi-Select Technology-Enhanced: 2 points

The figure shows circle C with tangent lines \overline{QR} and \overline{SR} .



The measure of $\angle QCS$ is x° .

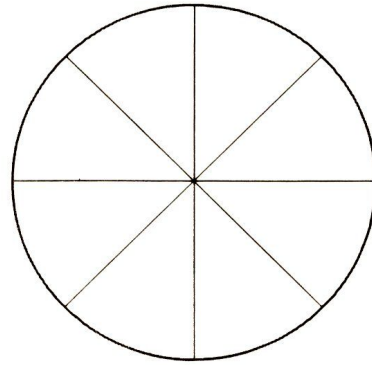
Select THREE statements that are true about the figure.

- A. The measure of $\angle QPS$ is $(90 - x)^\circ$.
- B. The measure of $\angle QPS$ is $\frac{1}{2}x^\circ$.
- C. The measure of $\angle PSR$ is 90° .
- D. The measure of $\angle CQR$ is 90° .
- E. The measure of $\angle QRS$ is $(180 - x)^\circ$.
- F. The measure of $\angle QRS$ is $2x^\circ$.

Item 12

Constructed-Response: 2 points

Billy is creating a circular garden divided into 8 equal sections. The diameter of the garden is 12 feet.



More than one
way to
answer

What is the area, in square feet, of one section of the garden? Use $\pi = 3.14$. Explain how you determined your answer. Write your answer in the space provided.

Points Awarded	Sample Response
2	14.13 square feet AND I can find the area of the entire circle and then divide by 8. This equals 4.5π . Or other valid explanation.
1	14.13 square feet with no explanation or an incorrect explanation OR an explanation that contains a computation error but contains the correct process
0	Response is irrelevant, inappropriate, or not provided.

OR

$$\text{Area of Sector} = \frac{\pi (6^2)(45)}{360}$$

$$\frac{360}{8} = 45$$

I can use the area of a sector formula. I can divide the diameter by two to get the radius. Then divide 360 by eight to find theta. Lastly, plug

into into the formula and it equals 14.13 square feet

Item 13

Extended Constructed-Response: 4 points

Jane and Mark each build ramps to jump their remote-controlled cars.

Both ramps are right triangles when viewed from the side. The incline of Jane's ramp makes a 30° angle with the ground, and the length of the inclined ramp is 14 inches. The incline of Mark's ramp makes a 45° angle with the ground, and the length of the inclined ramp is 10 inches.

Part A What is the horizontal length of the base of each ramp? Explain how you found your answers. Write your answers in the space provided.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ll} \sin 30^\circ = 0.5000 & \sin 45^\circ = 0.7071 \\ \cos 30^\circ = 0.8660 & \cos 45^\circ = 0.7071 \\ \tan 30^\circ = 0.5774 & \tan 45^\circ = 1.0000 \end{array} \right]$$

Part B Which car is launched from the highest point? Explain your reasoning. Write your answer in the space provided.

Go to the next page to finish Item 13.

Points Awarded	Sample Response
4	Part A: Jane's ramp's horizontal length: $14\cos(30) = 12.12$ inches AND Mark's ramp's horizontal length: $10\cos(45) = 7.1$ inches AND Part B: Jane's car is launched from $14\sin(30) = 7$ inches. AND Mark's car is launched from $10\sin(45) = 7.1$ inches. So Mark's car is launched from a higher point. <i>Or other valid explanation.</i>
3	The student correctly answers three of the four parts.
2	The student correctly answers two of the four parts.
1	The student correctly answers one of the four parts.
0	<i>Response is irrelevant, inappropriate, or not provided.</i>